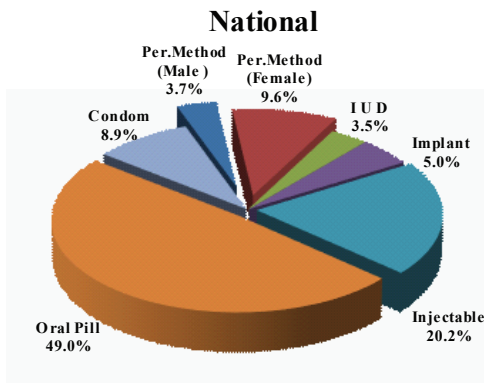


দুটি সন্তানের বেশী নয়
একটি হলে ভাল হয়

REPORT

January 2017

Method-Mix for the month of January 2017



FAMILY PLANNING, MATERNAL & CHILD HEALTH AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICES



Management Information System (MIS) Services and Personnel (FP)
Directorate General of Family Planning
6 Kawran Bazar, Dhaka - 1215



Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Management Information Systems (MIS)
Directorate General of Family Planning
6, Kawran Bazar, Dhaka-1215
www.dgfp.gov.bd

No. DGFP/MIS/2004/35/172

Date: 09.03.2017

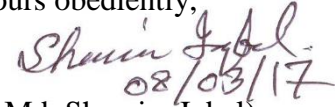
Secretary
Ministry of Health & Family Welfare
Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.

Sub: Monthly Progress Report on Performance of Family Planning, MCH, Reproductive Health and Nutrition Services

Sir,

Progress Report on Performance of Family Planning, Maternal & Child Health, Reproductive Health and Nutrition Services for the month of January 2017 is submitted herewith for your kind information.

Yours obediently,


08/03/17

(Sheikh Md. Shamim Iqbal)

Director General

Directorate General of Family Planning

Phone: 9118903

No. DGFP/MIS/2004/ 35/172/1 (210)

Date: 09.03.2017

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23. Director (IEM) with a request for taking necessary measures for publication of the report in the newspaper and other Media (News Paper, Radio & T.Vs) 6 Kawran Bazar, Dhaka-1215..
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**At a glance of the FP Performance for the Month of
December 2016 & January 2017**

Indicators	December 2016	January 2017
Number of Total Eligible Couples (including Part of the City Corporations)	26821816	26848239
Number of Total Acceptors (including part of the City Corporations)	20954523	20994137
CAR % (Contraceptive Acceptance Rate)	78.1	78.2
Method specific acceptors (Cumulative) :		
Permanent Method (Male)	774200	776002
Permanent Method (Female)	2021467	2025321
Permanent Method (Total)	2795667	2801323
IUD (Users)	731550	733661
Implant (Users)	1032227	1044602
Injectable (Users)	4246201	4251157
Oral Pill (acceptors)	10278839	10290562
Condom (acceptors)	1870039	1872832
Method specific new acceptors :		
Permanent Method (Male)	3684	3574
Permanent Method (Female)	8087	7627
Permanent Method (Total)	11771	11201
IUD (Users)	11891	11879
Implant (Users)	25438	26776
Injectable (Users)	68326	70118
Oral Pill (acceptors)	128375	132981
Condom (acceptors)	47006	47494
Number of Districts reported	64	64
Number of Upazila reported	488	488
Range of CAR (%)	No. of Districts	
	December 2016	January 2017
00 – 59	0	0
60 – 69	0	0
70 & above	64	64
Contraceptive performance and distribution by methods (Absolute Performance) :		
Permanent Method (Male-cases)	4862	4990
Permanent Method (Female-cases)	7290	7568
Permanent Method (Total-cases)	12152	12558
IUD (Nos.)	17987	19176
Implant (Nos.)	26307	34855
Injectable (Doses)	1044897	1080671
Oral Pill (Cycles)	8140614	8373525
Condom (Pieces)	11853929	12315352

**At a glance of the MCH and Reproductive Health Services for the Month of
December 2016 & January 2017**

Services		December 2016	January 2017	
Number of Pregnant Women		914881	908792	
Number of High Risk Pregnant Women referred		4692	3628	
Antenatal Care	1 st visit (within 4 Month)	155982	164228	
	2 nd visit (within 6 Month)	150252	151506	
	3 rd visit (within 8 Month)	133392	134563	
	4 th visit (in 9 th month) (including MCHTI, MFSTC &FWVTI-Raj)	110359	110643	
Delivery (MCHTI, MFSTFWVTI-Raj, MCWC, UHC, UH&FWC & NGO Clinics)	Normal	36037	34275	
	C-section	28393	27790	
	Total Delivery	64430	62065	
Postnatal Care (MCHTI, MFST, FWVTI-Raj, MCWC, UHC, UH&FWC)	PNC-1 (within 24 Hour)	53221	45378	
	PNC-2 (within 2- 3 day)	40714	40584	
	PNC-3 (within 7 -14 day)	48998	48844	
	PNC-4 (within 42-48 day)	63067	63566	
Referred Infertile Couple		7520	7450	
Treatment of RTI/STI (MCHTI, MFSTC, FWVTI-Raj & MCWCs)		82907	91369	
TT for Women (15 - 49 yrs)	1 st dose	125917	125921	
	2 nd dose`	130629	121064	
	3 rd dose	125919	121805	
	4 th dose	112785	114735	
	5 th dose	113885	114480	
Immunization	BCG (Vaccine)		134807	140126
	OPV & Pentavalent (DPT,Hep-B, Hib)	PCV-1	151110	152594
		PCV-2	153572	151121
		3	147940	146725
	PCV - 3		143046	135703
	MR & OPV-4		138004	138061
Measles (Vaccine)		128605	126240	
General Treatment		1991021	2257787	
Number of ECP acceptors		6840	7583	
Number of MR done (Both Govt. & NGOs)		13284	13710	
*Live Births	At Home by Trained Persons	44570	46060	
	At Home by Non-Trained Persons	14678	14639	
	Total	59248	60699	
Still Births (including MCHTI, MFSTC & FWVTI-Raj)		273	234	
Death	Neonatal death (0-28 days)		479	482
	Infant Death (29 days-<1 yr.)		156	209
	Child Death (1-<5 yrs.)		188	249
	Maternal Death		114	88
	Other Death		25098	29213
	Total		26035	30241

Services		December 2016	January 2017
No. of Female patient(Indoor admission)		8615	8543
No. of Child patient(Indoor admission)		1805	2081
No. of Health Education in UH&FWC		16087	14637
Nutrition Services (Pregnant Women, Mother of 0 -23 month Child and 0-59 months Child	Counseling on IYCF, IFA, Vitamin-A, Hand washing and	104048	116589
	Received IFA (Pregnant women & Lactating Mother)	344267	356233
	Received MNP (6-23 month)	18153	16173
	Breast feeding within 1-hour of birth (0-<6 month child)	56808	61154
	Exclusive Breast feeding (up to 6 month)	85162	88281
	Complimentary feeding (after 6 month)	148242	161193
	Received Vitamin-A (6-59 month Child)	176283	7263
	Received anti-helminthes Tablet (24-59 month Child)	35853	36072
	Received Zink Pill with ORS (Suffering from diarrhoea)	8029	11051
	Suffering from MAM and received treatment	7134	7153
	Suffering from SAM & Referred	1545	1998
	No. of Child Stunting	3813	3976
	No. of Child Wasting	3920	4411
	No. of Child Under weight	5170	5075

* Live births (Clinic) conducted at Govt. MCH, DH, MCWC, UHC, UH&FWC, NGOs & Private clinics.

SUMMARY

Introduction

Bangladesh is divided into seven administrative divisions: Dhaka, Chittagong, Rajshahi, Khulna, Barisal, Sylhet and Rangpur. Each division is divided into several districts and each district into several upazilas. Each urban area in an upazila is divided into wards. Upazilas are divided into union parishads (UPs) and pourasovas. These divisions allow the country as a whole to be separated into rural and urban areas.

Management Information System (MIS) has been operational under the Directorate General of Family Planning (DGFP) for a long time. Contraceptive Performance, MCH, Reproductive Health and Nutrition service's report are used to be published each month from MIS Unit based on Service Statistics received from the field workers, service delivery clinics and NGOs. Erstwhile Family Welfare Register, however, is the principal source of performance statistics. This report is prepared based on FWA Registers (8th Edition). The FWA register (8th Edition) lunched; due to this reason couple registration has been started in January 2016 newly. At present, most of the FWAs visit their working area at a two-round. As a result, the family planning performance report of January 2017 is shown to a little bit change. It is a continuous process. FWA register modified every three years as program significantly.

There is a reporting system to collect the information from the field. MIS Reporting Form-1 is filled up by the FWAs and submitted the same to FPIs. FPI fills up the MIS reporting Form-2 by compiling of all the FWAs (MIS Form-1) report and submits to UFPO office. MIS reporting Form-3 (clinical) is filled up by MO (clinic)/(MCH-FP)/(FW)/SACMO/FWV and is submitted to UFPO office. NGOs of the respective area submit their report to UFPO office through MIS reporting Form-2 and 3 as their requirement. All the reporting Form-2 and 3 are compiled by UFPO office and filled up reporting Form-4 (union wise) and is entered in online web based software (SS). District FP Office review and Submit that report. It provides information of contraceptive use status of eligible couples and different types of MCH, Reproductive Health and Nutrition services. MIS performance report is primarily used by different level of program managers and supervisors engaged in implementing the Family Planning, MCH, RH and Nutrition program in the country. Besides, different policy makers, decision makers, donor agencies, Development Partners, researchers and other users also use this report.

Family Planning Performance (CAR related):

Performance reports of January'17 have been received from all the 64 districts of the country. During the month of January'17, total numbers of eligible couple were found to be 26848239 as against 26821816 in the previous month. Performances of NGOs are also included in the report as reported by the Upazila Offices. A total of 20994137 acceptors are reported in the month of January'17 as against 20954523 in December'16. The Contraceptive Acceptance Rate (CAR) achieved at the end of the reporting month for six modern methods (Permanent Method, IUD, Implant, Injectables, Oral Pill and Condom) is 78.2 which was 78.1 in December'16. Method Specific Acceptors (Cumulative), Method Specific New Acceptors and Contraceptive distribution by Methods are shown in the summary sheet. It may be noted that the contraceptive acceptance rate is an estimate, based on the client contact and the status of contraceptive acceptance as reported by the field workers based on the entries made in the FWA register. The Contraceptive

Prevalence Rate (CPR), on the other hand, is based on periodic surveys that are made on precise statistical procedures.

The acceptance rate is a tentative rate and varies from month to month because of reporting status and coverage. This rate is usually higher than the Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (CPR). CAR is generally used to monitor as a management tool 'on-going' program performance in the country. It is not so much used to evaluate the program impact or goals, which is done by periodical scientific surveys.

MCH Performance:

In the month of January'17, 908792 pregnant women have been registered. Total number of 3628 pregnant women referred to hospital for their complications. Total no. of 91369 patient received services for RTI/STI. Dose-wise TT for Women (15-49 yrs.) and OPV & Pentavalent vaccines were shown in the summary sheet. BCG vaccines were given to 140126 infants and 126240 infants received Measles vaccines during January'17. Visit-wise Antenatal Care is also shown in the summary sheet of both December'16 and January'17. Postnatal Care is shown in the summary sheet both of December'16 and January'17. Number of delivery conducted by the clinics is 62065. Total numbers of Live Birth delivered at home 46060 by trained personnel and 14639 by non-trained personnel. Still Birth is recorded 234 in January'17 and in the previous month it was 273. Neo-natal deaths (0-28 days) & Infant deaths (29 days-<1yr.) are recorded to be 482 and 209 in the month of January'17 where it were 479 and 156 in December'16 respectively. A total of 249 child-deaths (1-<5 yrs.) have been reported in the month of January'17 as against 188 in December'16. Maternal deaths were reported 88 during the month of January'17, which was 114 in December'16. The Other deaths were reported 29213 in January'17 but in December'16 the number of such deaths were 25098. General treatments were rendered to 2257787 and 1991021 patients in the month of January'17 and December'16 respectively. In January'17 Number of ECP acceptors was 7583 but in December'16 it was 6840. MR done in the reporting month is 13710 but in December'16, it was 13284. Performance of MCHTI, MFSTC, MCWCs and FWVTI-Rajshahi is also included in the report.

Nutrition Programs of the Directorate General of Family Planning

Since 2011, the MCH Services Unit of the DGFP has been implementing MYCNSIA (Maternal and Young Child Nutrition Security Initiatives in Asia) in collaboration with UNICEF in 22 upazilas of 10 districts. The initiatives taken include counseling to mothers/caregivers about IYCF, distribution of Micro Nutrient Powder (MNP) among 6-23 months old children, counseling of pregnant and lactating mothers on feeding practice and Iron Folic Acid (IFA), food security intervention, and hand-washing/hygiene practice in the communities. For implementing the MYCNSIA, MCH Services Unit of DGFP trained officials at various levels (both TOT and core training), developed training materials, developed web-based MIS, conducted baseline survey, and procured and distributed MNP sachets, etc. MCH Services Unit of DGFP will scale up nutrition intervention in other upazilas and districts gradually. Service registers and reporting formats were revised to include nutrition information. The DGFP's MIS is currently revisited for nutrition indicators and collected information at MIS formats from January 2016.

Highlights January 2017

- a) National Contraceptive Acceptance Rate (CAR) based on 26848239 eligible couple visited, is found to be 78.2%. Rajshahi division has achieved the highest acceptance rate 80.6%, followed by Khulna

division 80.0%. The CAR is found to be 79.4% achieved in Rangpur division. The Contraceptive Acceptance Rate have been found to be rather low in Barisal 78.1%, Sylhet 77.9%, Dhaka 77.5%, and Chittagong 75.3% compared to other three divisions.

- b) The highest number of acceptors 5887319 has been reported from Dhaka division followed by 3707193 in Chittagong division, Rajshahi division reported 3326683 acceptors. Acceptors size is however, found much smaller in Rangpur, Khulna, Barisal, which are 2810317, 2738363, 1263167 respectively and in Sylhet division it is 1261095.
- c) Out of 64 reporting districts, all districts have reported contraceptive acceptance rate of 70 percent and above, no district has reported CAR of 60 - 69 percent and no district have reported CAR of < 59 percent.
- d) Out of 488 Upazila 483 have reported CAR at the level 70% and above, 4 Upazila has reported CAR level 60-69 percent and 1 Upazila has reported CAR level 0-59 percent.
- e) In case of performance done in the reporting month (January'17), Narayanganj district recorded the highest Achievement Rate 89.0, Dhaka has got the 2nd place with 82.6 and Gopalganj district has occupied the 3rd position with 76.7 of permanent method. Dhaka district has shown Achievement Rate 122.3 in IUD is the first position among the other districts and Rangamati has got the 2nd place with 105.1. Cox's Bazar district has recorded the highest Achievement Rate 210.3 in Implant. Bhola district has recorded the highest Achievement Rate of 148.4, Dhaka placed in 2nd position with 103.4 and Meherpur district has occupied the 3rd position with Achievement Rate 103.3 in Injectable. Netrokona district has recorded the highest Achievement Rate 97.3 in Oral Pill and Dhaka district has recorded the highest Achievement Rate 122.8 in Condom.
- f) SMC has reported distribution of 158992 vial Injectable, 3881049 cycles of Oral Pill and 9758206 pieces of Condom in January 2017.
- g) Narsingdi MCWC have performed highest 41 Caesarian Operations, Gaibandha MCWC has performed highest of 276 total deliveries. MCHTI, Dhaka has performed 234, MFSTC, Dhaka has performed 178 C-Section deliveries in the reporting month January'17. Joypurhat, Chapai Nawabganj, Nilphamari, Lalmonirhat, Panchagar, Boda(Panchagar), Sherpur, Jamalpur, Magura, Meherpur, Bagerhat, Kumarkhali (Kustia), Gournadi(Barisal), Lalmohon (Bhola), Barguna, Pirojpur, Cox's Bazar, Bandarban, Noakhali, Begumganj (Noakhali), Pauchuria (Patiya), Bakolia (Ctg) and Sylhet MCWCs have not done any Caesarian Operations. It may be due to the vacancies of trained EOC doctor in those centers or Extension Works. Director (MCH-S) & Line Director (MC&RH) should immediately look into the matter.
- h) In January'17 National Nutrition services information which collected by FP workers are as follows: Number of 356233 mother received IFA, No. of 16173 child (6-23 months) received MNP sachet, No. of 61154 new born babies breast feeding within 1 hour after birth and 0 to 6 months child 88281 exclusive breast feeding. No. of 7153 child suffering from MAM and 1998 suffering from SAM. No. of Child Stunting, wasting and underweight are 3976, 4411 and 5075 respectively.

Table Analysis:

Table 1: Shows contraceptive performance in respect of Permanent, Long Acting and Short Acting methods for the reporting month (January 2017) against their respective projections. In the reporting month the achievement rates of Permanent method (Male) is 36.3%, Permanent method (Female) 44.4% and Permanent method (Total) 40.8%, IUD 66.0%, Implant 98.7%, Injectables 63.9%, Oral Pill 64.3% and Condom 52.7%. From Jul'16 to Jan'17, the achievement rate of Permanent method (Male) is 40.7%, Permanent method (Female) 49.4% and Permanent method (Total) 45.5%, IUD 70.8%, Implant 94.9%, Injectables 63.7%, Oral Pill 63.7% and Condom 51.2%.

- Table 2:** Shows the divisions according to descending order of achievement rate against their projection of Permanent and Long Acting methods for the period Jul'16 to Jan'17.
- Table 3:** Showing the 3(three) districts achieved the highest achievement rate against Permanent and Long Acting methods of their projections for the period Jul'16 to Jan'17.
- Table 4:** Shows the districts achieved the lowest achievement rate of Permanent and Long Acting methods against their projections for the period Jul'16 to Jan'17.
- Table 5:** Comparative statement of contraceptive performance against their projection between the period Jul'15 to Jan'16 and Jul'16 to Jan'17. The Achievement Rate of Permanent Method (Male) was 35.9% in the period of Jul'15 to Jan'16 but it shows the higher rate 40.7% in the current period. So it is 4.8% increase than that of Jul'15 to Jan'16, Permanent Method (Female) was 47.0% in the period Jul'15 to Jan'16 but it shows the higher rate 49.4% in the current period. So it is 2.4% increase than that of Jul'15 to Jan'16. Permanent Method (Total) was 41.5% in the period Jul'15 to Jan'16 but it shows the higher rate 45.5% in the current period. So it is 4.0% increase than that of Jul'15 to Jan'16. IUD achieved the 70.8% in the reporting period but in Jul'15 to Jan'16, it achieved 68.0%. So in case of IUD 2.7% increase in the reporting period. Implant achieved the 94.9% in the reporting period but in Jul'15 to Jan'16 it shows 87.5%, in that case Implant has shown 7.4% increase in the reporting period. Injectable achieved the 63.7% in the current period but in the period Jul'15 to Jan'16 it shown 72.8%. Injectable has shown 9.1% decrease than that of Jul'15 to Jan'16. Oral Pill achieved the 63.7% in the present period but in the period Jul'15 to Jan'16 it was 60.1%. In case of Oral Pill decrease 2.9% than that of Jul'15 to Jan'16. In case of Condom it achieved 51.2% in the current period but in Jul'15 to Jan'16 it shown 58.5%, which is 7.4% decrease than that of Jul'15 to Jan'16.
- Table 6:** Compare the status of performance and distribution of contraceptive by methods for the month of December'16 and January'17 based on field worker's report. In comparison with that of previous month Permanent Method (male) 2.6%, Permanent Method (female) 3.8%, Overall Permanent Method (total) 3.3%, IUD 6.6, Implant 32.5%, Injectables 3.4%, Oral Pill 2.9% and Condom 3.9% higher than that of December'16.
- Table 7:** Shows the share of Government and NGOs and Multisectors by methods in the overall National performance. Government sector has contributed 58.0 percent in Permanent Method (Male), 91.1 percent in Permanent Method (Female), 78.0 percent in Permanent Method (Total), 77.2 percent in IUD, 85.1 percent in Implant, 76.7 percent in Injectable, 82.5 percent in Oral Pill and 65.9 percent in Condom. On the other hand, NGOs and Multisectors have contributed 42.0 percent in Permanent Method (Male), 8.9 percent in Permanent Method (Female), 22.0 percent in Permanent Method (Total), in IUD 22.8 percent, in Implant 14.9 percent, in Injectables 23.3 percent, in Oral Pill 17.5 percent and in Condom 34.1 percent in the reporting month January 2017.
- Table 8:** Division wise Contraceptive Performance by methods of NGOs and Multisectors (January 2017) are shown in this table Marie Stopes Clinic of Dhaka division is in the highest position, Marie Stopes Clinic of Rajshahi division is in the next and BAVS of Dhaka division is in the 3rd position in Permanent method. By NGOs and Multisectors performance of Total Permanent methods are 2764 in the reporting month, in which Males are 2094 and Females are 670. Total IUD and Implant 4373 and 5207 are inserted in the reporting month January 2017. Injectables 251891 vials, Oral Pill 1464003 cycles and 4197421 pieces of Condom are distributed by NGOs and Multisectors in this month.
- Table 9:** Shows the projection, performance and achievement rates of Permanent, and Long Acting methods in the reporting month January 2017 and in the reporting period Jul'16 to Jan'17.

In reporting month Narayanganj district has achieved the highest achievement rate of 89.0 percent and Dhaka district is the next highest with 82.6 percent in Permanent Method. Dhaka district have achieved the highest achievement rate of 122.3 percent in IUD and Cox's Bazar district achieved the highest achievement rate of 210.3 percent in Implant. And in the reporting period Jul'16 to Jan'17, Joipurhat district has achieved the highest achievement rate of 90.9 percent and Narayanganj is the next highest with 85.7 percent in Permanent Method. Chittagong has achieved the highest achievement rate of 117.6 percent in IUD and Cox's Bazar has achieved the highest achievement rate of 169.3 percent in Implant.

Table 10: Shows the projection, performance and achievement rates of Short Acting methods in the reporting month January 2017 and in the reporting period Jul'16 to Jan'17. In reporting month Bhola district has achieved the highest achievement rate of 148.4 percent and Dhaka is the next highest with 103.4 percent in Injectables. Netrokona district have achieved the highest achievement rate of 97.3 percent in Oral Pill. Dhaka district has achieved the highest achievement rate of 122.8 percent in Condom. From Jul'16 to Jan'17 Bhola district has achieved the highest achievement rate of 148.8 percent and Dhaka is the next highest with 103.3 percent in Injectable. Netrokona has achieved the highest achievement rate of 94.8 percent in Oral Pill and Dhaka has achieved the highest achievement rate of 125.0 percent in Condom.

Table 11: This table shows the Old acceptors, New acceptors and dropout (No method & switch over) cases by districts in the reporting month (January 2017). This table is prepared on the basis of CAR report.

Table 12: Shows the new and total acceptors of the current month in comparison with that of the previous month. The new acceptors of all the methods Permanent Method (Male), Permanent Method (Female), Permanent Method (Total) and IUD have shown decreasing trend. Implant, Injectables, Oral Pill and Condom have shown increasing trend. New acceptors are shown depending on the field workers report which collects from their visiting areas. In case of total acceptors all the methods, Permanent Method (Male), Permanent Method (Female), Permanent Method (Total), IUD, Implant, Injectables, Oral Pill and Condom have shown increasing trend.

Table 13: This table shows that among the divisions. Rajshahi had recorded the highest CAR of 80.6%, next Khulna division 80.0%, Rangpur 79.4%, Barisal division 78.1%, Sylhet division 77.9%, Dhaka division 77.5%, and Chittagong division 75.3% in the reporting month January 2017. Graph-1 shows the division wise CAR for the current month and graph-2 shows the division wise CAR for the current month in comparison with that previous month.

Table 14: Shows that 64 districts have achieved CAR level of 70 percent and above where no district has achieved CAR between 60-69 percent and no district has achieved CAR between 0-59 percent in the reporting month January 2017. The graph also shows the same in comparison with previous month.

Table 15: List of 483 upazila among the 488, which have achieved CAR 70.0% and above in the reporting month.

Table 16: List of 4 upazila which has achieved 60-69% CAR in the reporting month. And 1 upazila has achieved <59% CAR in the reporting month. Graph shows that out of 488 upazila 483 achieved CAR level 70% and above, 4 upazila achieved CAR level 60-69 percent and 1 upazila that achieved CAR level <59 percent in the current month. There are also showing graphical presentation of both December'16 and January'17.

Table 17: Shows the dropouts and switch over by method and by division for the month of January' 17.

Table 18: This table shows the Division-wise comparison of Couples, Contraceptive Acceptors and the Acceptance Rate up to the end of December' 16 and January' 17. In the reporting month the highest number of Eligible Couples have been reported from Dhaka division, which is 7597086, 2nd highest is Chittagong division, which is 4925757, then Rajshahi, Rangpur, Khulna, Barisal and Sylhet division, which are 4127209, 3537676, 3424198, 1616629 and 1619684 respectively. In case of acceptors Dhaka division has been reported the highest number, which is 5887319 followed by Chittagong division 3707193, Rajshahi division 3326683, Rangpur division 2810317, Khulna division 2738363, Barisal division 1263167 and Sylhet division 1261095.

Table 19: Shows the contraceptive method mix by division for the month of January 2017. Rangpur division has contributed the highest rate in Permanent Method 16.0% among its CAR method mix followed by Sylhet division is in 15.8% then Khulna division 15.1%. Chittagong division has recorded 4.7% in IUD which is highest among the other divisions followed by Sylhet 4.6%, Barisal 4.0% and Dhaka division 3.6%. Barisal division has contributed the highest rate in Implant 6.4%, followed by Rangpur division with 5.4, Barisal division has also contributed the highest rate in Injectable 27.6% then Rangpur 22.8% and Chittagong 22.6% in CAR method mix among all the divisions. Dhaka division has recorded the highest rate in Oral Pill 52.1% followed by Rajshahi 49.6%, Rangpur 48.6%. Rajshahi division has recorded the highest rate in Condom 10.5% followed by Sylhet 10.1, Khulna division 10.0% and Dhaka 9.8%.

Pie Charts are showing the division wise Method-Mix for the month of January 2017.

Table 20: This table shows the performance of MCH and Reproductive Health Services during the month of December' 16 and January 2017.

Table 21: This table shows the performance of Nutrition Services for the month of December 2016 and January 2017 collected by family planning workers.

Annex A: Annex- A shows comparative summary key performances since August 2016 to January 2017.

Annex B: Performance of RH-EOC of MCWC including MCHTI, MFSTC and FWVTI-Raj for the month of January 2017.

Annex C: Performance of Part of the City Corporation Area for the month of January 2017 (partial)

Annex D: City Corporation wise Contraceptive Acceptors and Acceptance Rate (CAR) end of the month of January 2017 (partial).

Annex E: City Corporation wise MCH Performance for the month of January 2017 (partial).

Remarks

- **The achievement of Khulna division is good against their projection in permanent method in the reporting month in comparison with that of other divisions.**

Clarification about the information of summary sheet, table-2 and table-3:

Method Specific Acceptors:

In the summary sheet, Method Specific Acceptors is shown based on the field workers (FWA) visit of the reporting month and the previous month. These are the cumulative figure, which includes previous month's acceptors and reporting month's new acceptors collected by the field workers within their working areas.

Contraceptive distribution by Method:

In the summary sheet, Contraceptive Performance by Method is prepared based on the performance and distribution of the reporting month. These figures are actual performance of the reporting month, which is not comparable with the information written in method specific acceptors.

Table- 9, Table-10 and Table-11

Performance shows in the table-9 and 10 is the actual performance of the respective month but the new acceptors show in the table-11 is may not be the performance done in the same month. It may happen that the new acceptors accepted method in the previous month but field workers shown that case in the next month due to their rounding schedule. So the performance of table-9, table-10 will not be the comparable with the new acceptor of table-11.

Clarification about the information of MCH and Reproductive Health Services:

- Information shown against 'delivery' which done in MCHTI, MFSTC, MCWCs, UHCs & UH&FWCs. This report is collected through the MIS reporting Form-3. Therefore, it is not the whole country's delivery records. This report is absolutely excluding the city corporations.
- Information shown against the 'live births (home)' based on field workers (FWA) report. Live births (clinic) are conducted at different types of clinic (MCH, DH, MCWCs, UHC, UH&FWC, NGO & Private clinics). Field workers visit their units monthly and they submit their report in every month.

Highest and Lowest performing districts in clinical methods

Highest performing districts in the month of January 2017

Permanent Method		IUD		Implant		Remarks
District	Ach. Rate	District	Ach. Rate	District	Ach. Rate	
Narayanganj	89.0	Dhaka	122.3	Cox's Bazar	210.3	
Dhaka	82.6	Rangamati	105.1	Dinajpur	181.3	
Gopalganj	76.7	Chittagong	101.0	Sylhet	171.3	

Lowest performing districts in the month of January 2017

Permanent Method		IUD		Implant		Remarks
District	Ach. Rate	District	Ach. Rate	District	Ach. Rate	
Rangamati	6.0	Kurigram	27.7	Nilphamari	30.8	
Khagrachhari	8.5	Nawabganj	30.8	Bandarban	36.8	
Sirajganj	9.7	Lalmonirhat	31.7	Patuakhali	49.8	

Congratulations:

We congratulate the districts for their better performance in clinical methods against projections. We hope the officers and staffs who are involved with the activities will continue their better performance in future.

Unsatisfactory Performance:

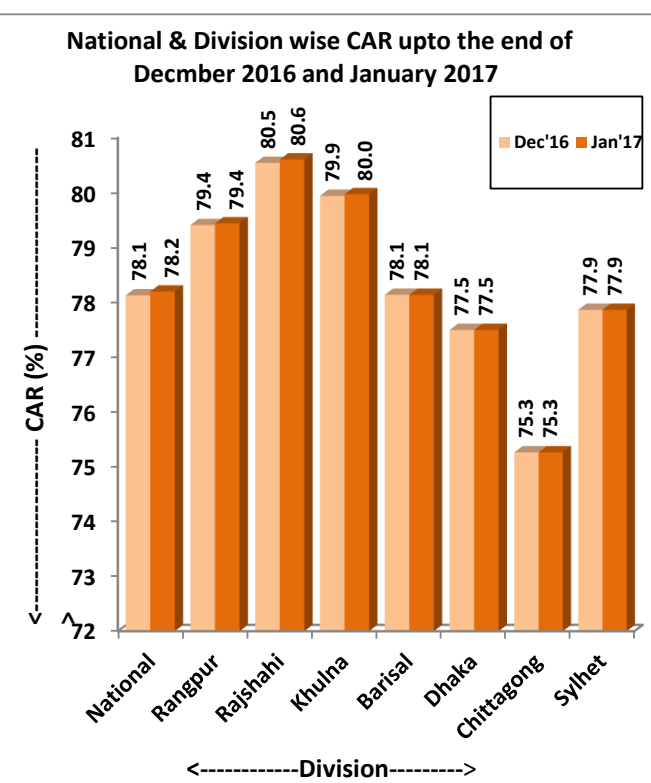
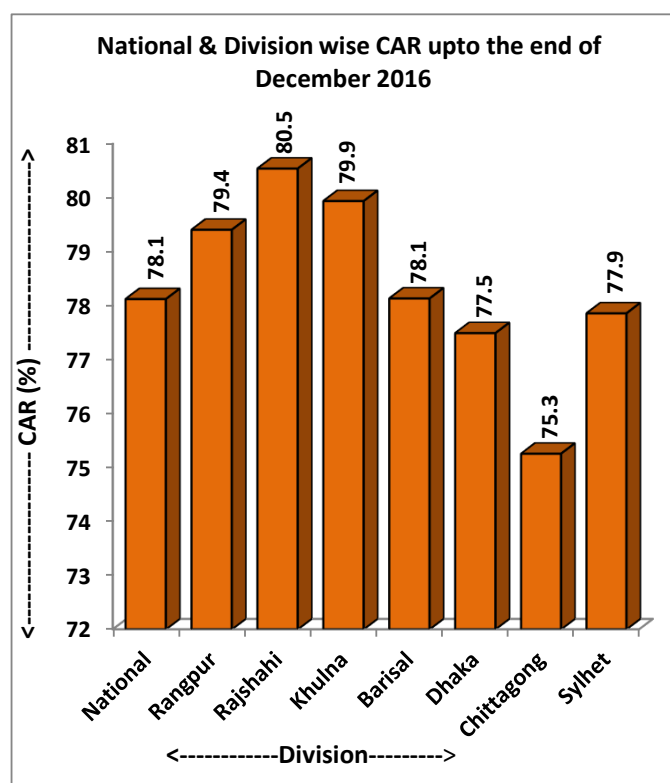
We are sorry for their unsatisfactory low performance in clinical methods against projections. We hope the officers and staffs are involved with the activities will try to overcome from this type of un-satisfactory performance in future.

Table -12: Number of New and Total Acceptors upto the end of December 2016 and January 2017

Method	New Acceptors		% Change of Jan'17 over Dec'16	Total Acceptors		% Change of Jan'17 over Dec'16
	Dec'16	Jan'17		Dec'16	Jan'17	
Per.Method (Male)	3684	3574	-3.0	774200	776002	0.2
Per.Method (Female)	8087	7627	-5.7	2021467	2025321	0.2
Per.Method (Total)	11771	11201	-4.8	2795667	2801323	0.2
IUD	11891	11879	-0.1	731550	733661	0.3
Implant	25438	26776	5.3	1032227	1044602	1.2
Injectables	68326	70118	2.6	4246201	4251157	0.1
Oral Pill	128375	132981	3.6	10278839	10290562	0.1
Condom	47006	47494	1.0	1870039	1872832	0.1
Total	292807	300449	2.6	20954523	20994137	0.2

Table -13: CAR(%) by Division upto the end of December 2016 and January 2017

Division	Dec'16	Jan'17	Change of Jan'17 over Dec'16
Rangpur	79.4	79.4	0.0
Rajshahi	80.5	80.6	0.1
Khulna	79.9	80.0	0.0
Barisal	78.1	78.1	0.0
Dhaka	77.4	77.5	0.1
Chittagong	75.2	75.3	0.1
Sylhet	77.8	77.9	0.1
National	78.1	78.2	0.1





পরিবার পরিকল্পনা অধিদপ্তর
স্বাস্থ্য ও পরিবার কল্যাণ মন্ত্রণালয়